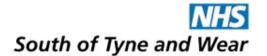


Mental and Emotional Health Needs Assessment of the LGBT (Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual and Transgender) populations of NHS South of Tyne and Wear



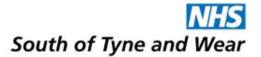
Working together to make South of Tyne and Wear healthy for you. Catherine Mackereth Public Health Lead

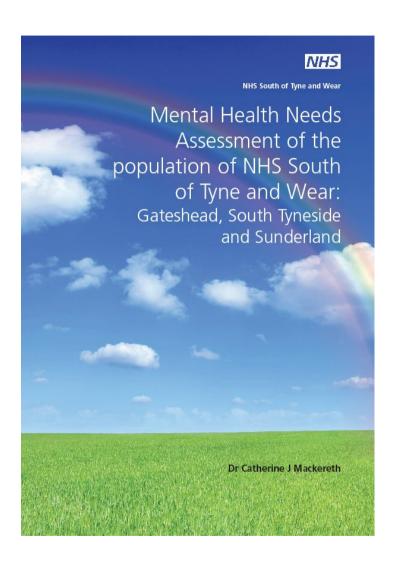


Overview

- Background
- Aims of health needs assessment
- Policy context
- Epidemiology
- Consultation
- Recommendations and next steps







Working together to make South of Tyne and Wear healthy for you.





Aims of needs assessment

- To describe the emotional and mental health and wellbeing needs of the LGBT populations
- To inform and influence commissioners and service providers about services and interventions that will meet these needs and will achieve better emotional and mental health and well-being as identified by LGBT people





Policy context

 The Equality Act 2010 requires equal treatment in access to employment as well as private and public services, regardless of age, disability, gender, gender reassignment, marriage or civil partnership, maternity or pregnancy, race, religion or belief and sexual orientation.





Epidemiology

Approximately 6% of population are LGB:

- Gateshead: 11,466

South Tyneside: 9,167

Sunderland: 17,250

 Transgender population 1:11,900 – 1:17,000 of which 4 male to female: 1 female to male





Mental illness

- 3 times as many gay men and almost 5 times as many bisexual men reported a mental health problem, compared with heterosexual men
- Twice as many lesbians and more than 3 times as many bisexual women reported a mental health condition, compared with heterosexual women
- The largest UK survey of transgender people found that 34% have attempted suicide

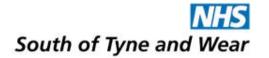




Wider determinants

- Deprivation
- Social isolation
- Education
- Employment and unemployment
- Housing
- Environment
- Crime

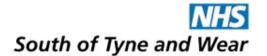




'Choosing Health' priorities

- Physical activity
- Healthy eating
- Alcohol, substance misuse, dual diagnosis
- Sexual health
- Smoking





Consultation

Imagine that the things that make you happy and feel good are the ingredients of a cake...

In an ideal world, what ingredients would go into your happiness cake?





Themes emerging

Being Accepted Trust Love

Good Health Holidays Job

Socialising Conversation Walking Dog

Eating Out Money/Security Being Positive

Gym Gardening Community Involvement

Good Body Image Secure Homes Freedom of expression

Sense of belonging Leisure Exercise

Fun Making A Difference In People's Lives

Friends create a safety net, especially when there is estrangement from the

family

Access to support for all the needs a heterosexual person has

Working together to make South of Tyne and Wear healthy for you.





Services

- What services are meeting those needs?
- What's not out there, what are the gaps in provision?





Recommendations

It is recognized that in an ideal world, separate services would not be required for the LGBT population.

The aim of commissioners and providers is to ensure that mainstream services are sensitive to the needs of all users, from whatever background, regardless of age, gender, sexual orientation, religion and belief, disability or race.





- Promoting visibility
- Generic versus specialist services
- Tackling discrimination
- Capacity building
- Partnership working
- Monitoring
- Commissioning
- Young people
- Transgender





Summary

- Stigma and discrimination contribute significantly to the experiences of the LGBT populations
- LGBT populations suffer high rates of poor mental health
- Promoting positive attitudes is vital
- Provision of some LGBT specific services until generic services have improved
- Document available on <u>www.cehi.org.uk</u>

