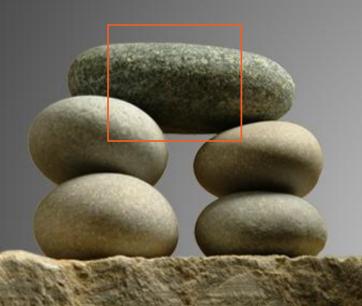


Achieving Government Financial Management Implementation Success



Manuel Pietra FreeBalance

The Sad Truth

Majority of government financial management information systems implementations in developing countries do not meet expectations















Lessons Learned

- 1. Perfection is the enemy of Good
- 2. Sustainability = adapting to reform and capacity growth
- 3. Traditional software model is not working







Who is FreeBalance?

FreeBalance

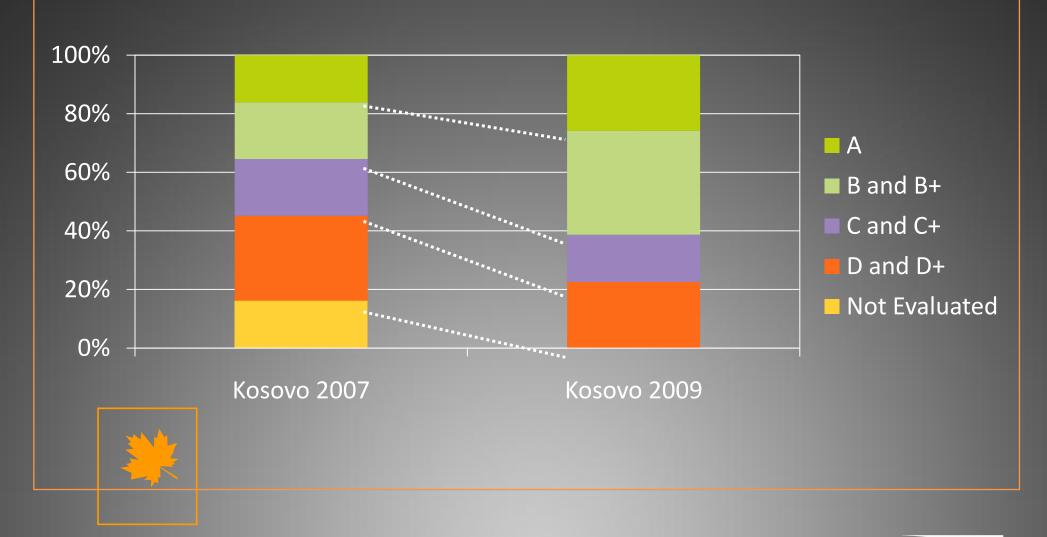
What is Success?

- 1. On budget
- 2. On time
- 3. Addresses local capacity
- 4. Is financially sustainable
- 5. Is sustained by the government organization
- 6. Requires a minimum of foreign consultants
- 7. Modernizes with the government





Kosovo PEFA Assessments





1. Perfection is the Enemy of Good



Make it as simple as possible. But no Simpler

Albert Einstein



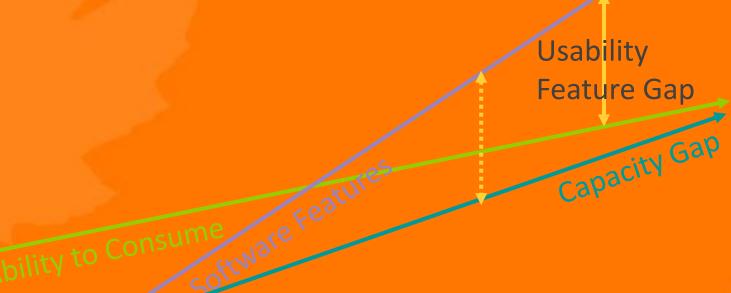
Overwhelming Feature list

- "Featuritis"
- Benefits incorrectly tied to features
- Increasing the capacity gap everywhere
- More features, the better?
 - Unconsumed features
 - Infrastructure bloat
 - ITC-generated costs





Software Capacity Gap





What's Wrong?

- Typical Project Management methodologies
 - Lack of focus on what's important in the context
- Focus on "best-practices"
 - Focus on what is theoretically best vs. what is important now
 - Extends the capacity gap





who's on first?



Capacity Balance





Simple Financial Management ICT Solution

Financial
Management
ICT Solution
Matches Capacity



Typical Commercial Financial Management ICT Solution



Simple Financial Management ICT Solution



Typical Commercial Financial Management Solution

- Cash-basis
- Pragmatic
- Limited budgetary controls
- National standards
- Specialized
- Personal-class tools and middleware
- Underwhelming

- Accrual basis
- Best practices
- Complex budgetary controls
- International standards
- Comprehensive
- Enterprise-class tools and middleware

FreeBalance

Overwhelming

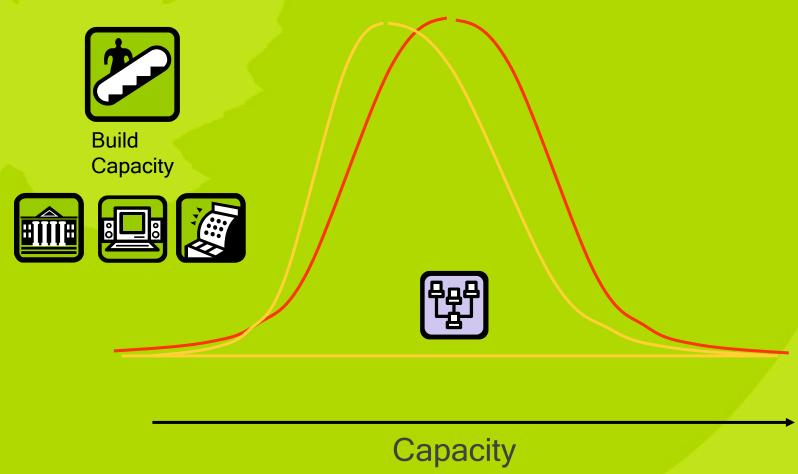
Capacity Foundations



Capacity



In Context



FreeBalance



Beyond Project Management 101

- Human resources & capacity more thought and more risk
- Communications is highly political, crosscultural
- Scope creep directly related to "reputation"
- Flexibility in change management needed
 - known knowns, known unknowns, unknown unknowns

FreeBalance

Weakness of typical Project Approaches

- Business ProcessReengineering
- Train the trainer as key capacity building approach
- Focus on the politicians
- Long implementation cycles: curb enthusiasm
- Macroeconomic planning and budget preparation

- Many process changes require legal reform
- Train the cadre, give them tools
- Politicians change
- Builds opposition momentum
- What budget?





1.Perfection is Enemy of the Good

- Need to focus on the country context
 - Civil service capacity
 - Ease of use is critical
 - Needs for improved governance: quick wins
- Holistic project management
 - IT, software & PFM capacity
 - Good practices, not "best" practices





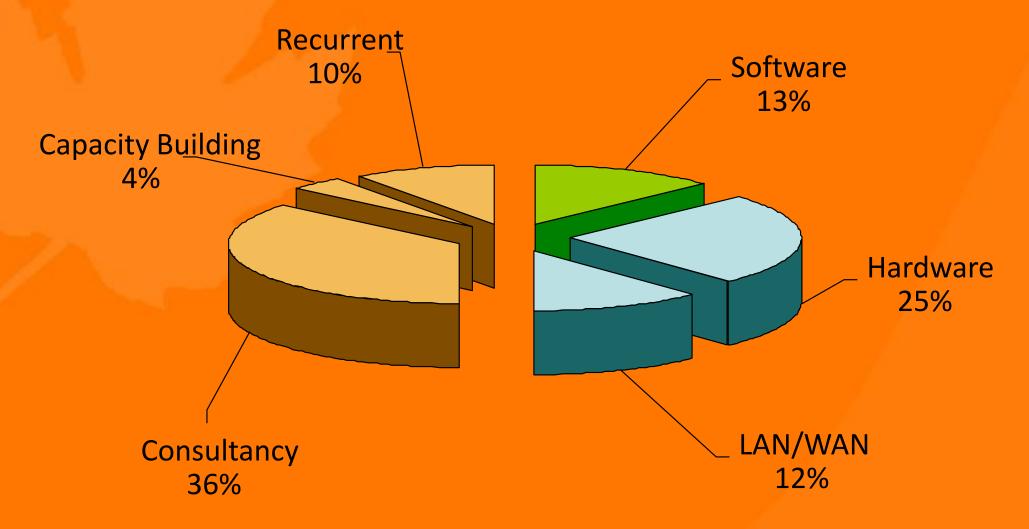
2. Sustainability







Example Implementation



\$23.6M IFMIS ERP implementation



Concerns about Sustainability

- the complexity of the system, structure and vocabulary alienates and further hampers participation.
- concern has been that the system itself might be too advanced and complex,
- will become underutilized and that the costs involved won't pay off.
- concerns that budget experts of the consultant implementing the system may not fully have understood the procedures in place



What's Wrong?

- Often have an "IT" definition of success
 - Measure now and assume everything will be fine
- Unknown unknowns
- Changes to country context
 - Rapid and almost unprecedented in public financial management reform





Capacity Balance

Significant internal resistance to massive change Customization costs

Political will dissipates

Civil service and consultant turnover

More opportunity for opposition to kill project

Years

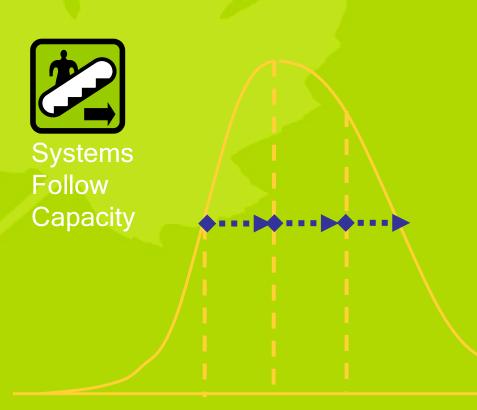
Customization

- Laws need to be modernized to accommodate software (accrual, electronic cheques, automated budgets)
- Infrastructure upgrade
- Significant functional and technical training

Capacity



What's Needed



- A realistic start point
- Configuration
- ICT follows reform
- Small wins through phases
- Rapid return on investment
- Grows to support best practices and international standards

Capacity



Progressive Activation

Functions

Financials

Treasury

Property Tax

Purchasing

Water & Sewage

Purchasing

Payroll

Utilities

Inventory

Assets and Fleet

Modernization

Cash-based

Cash Management

Modified Cash

Budgetary Controls

MTEF

Aggregate Controls

Modified Accrual

Civil Service Reform

Performance Mgmt

Accrual



Modernization

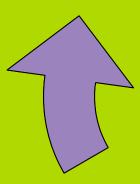








Multi-Fund Controls



Expenditure Controls





Legal Reform



Unprecedented Reform Momentum?

- PFM Reform tied to Country Context
 - Resource rich
- Full IPSAS, GFS, COFOG support in COA
- Support for program budget

- Ministerial (including sector-specific) dashboards
 - Development of Key
 Performance Indicators
- Transparency portal
 - 10 years of budget information
- E-Procurement portal





Timor Leste

East Asia & Pacific

CAPITAL CITY: Dili

AREA: 15,007 km²

POPULATION: 1,131,612

LANGUAGES: Tetum, Portuguese, Indonesian, English,

and about 16 indigenous languages

CURRENCY: US Dollar





PFM — Foundation for Country Growth

Decentralization

Autonomous Agencies

Ministries

Public Financial Management

GoTL LAWS

Procurement Commission

FMIS (software and hardware) Human Resource Development

Capacity Building (Training)





Phased Approach

Improve government performance

Improve transparency accountability

Improve budget execution

Improve government capacity





Sustainability

- Financial sustainability is about TCO
- PFM sustainability is about government selfreliance
 - Capacity
 - Reduce need for foreign consultants
- Sustainability is about reform and modernization
 - IFMIS as a foundation for adaptation

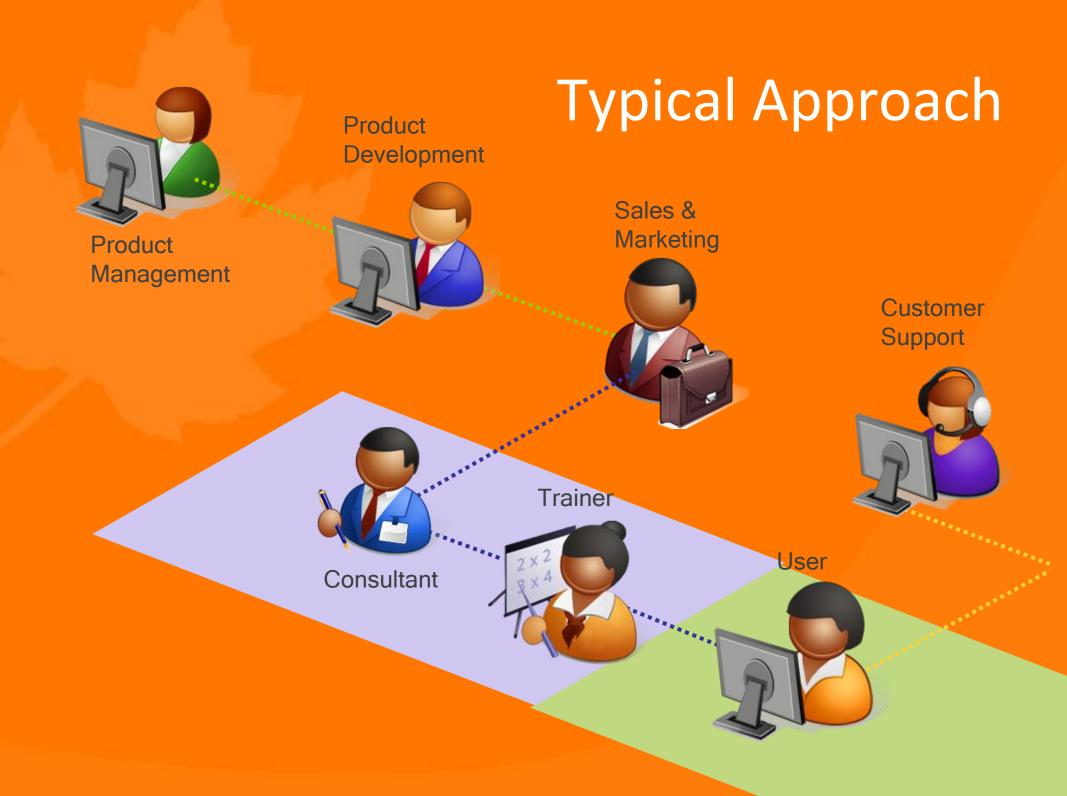




3. The traditional software model is not working for developing nation governments







Government is one of many "verticals"



Development

Product

Product developers have no expertise in government financials.

Typical

Salespeople want to sell to every possible market.

Product

Product often designed with different customers in mind

Consulting firms generate revenue from customization.

Consultants help customers to customize code.





Customer Support



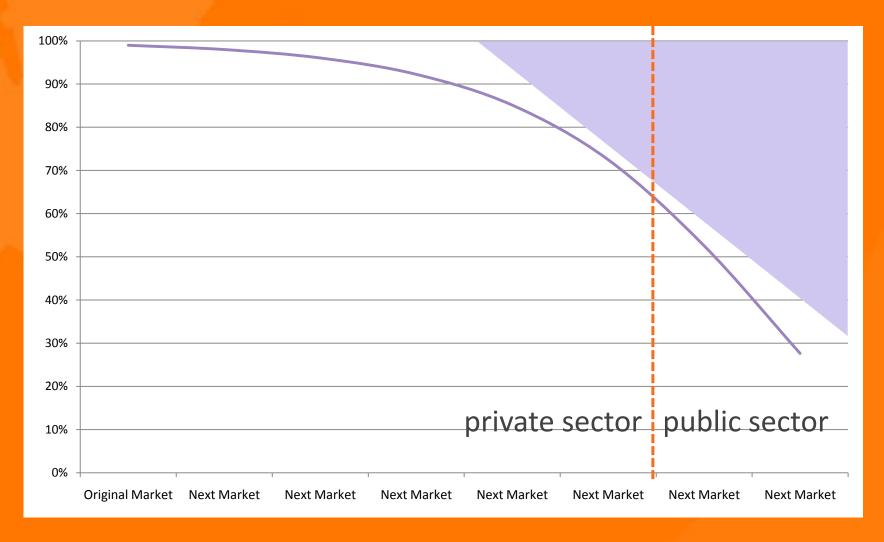
Government needs may not go into upgrades

Trainer





Typical Result COTS software





What's Wrong?

- When all you have a nail....
- Specialization across the value chain
 - Loss of holistic understanding of customer needs
 - Incentives for making solutions not sustainable
 - Focus on "technology" rather than customer
 - Ability to "blame the victim"





Solution: Customer Centric Approach Product Development

Product Management



Customers visited at least once every year.

Steering Committee sets product direction.



Consultant

Developers visit customers and are part of "SWAT" teams.





Vendor consultants bring experience to write specifications.

All problems & feature requests are tracked - management dashboard

Local in-country support pass on needs.



Customer Support

Customers interact with Vendor staff and other customers on collaborative plafrom



Need to Focus on the Domain

Public Financial Management **Component Map** Performance & Core Government **Expenditure** and Governance and Civil Service Commitment Financial Management Revenue Management Management Service Delivery Management Government **Public Financials** Public Expenditure Civil Service Transparency & Performance Accountability Management Management Government Receipts **Budget & Commitment Government Treasury** Service Delivery Management Management



Technology Lessons Learned

- ✓ Software design, implementation and support methodology *critical* to ensuring success
- ✓ Fully open systems are less expensive to implement and sustain: "future proofing"
- ✓ Adaptable systems inexpensively conform to reform





Blaming the Victim?

- Customer didn't articulate business processes properly
- Customer had unrealistic expectations for delivery
- Customer changed requirements after the first phase
- Customer did not dedicate enough staff to manage project
- Customer did not train enough staff

- ✓ Vendor should understand the government domain.
- Product should be designed for rapid implementation.
- Product should be designed for progressive activation.
- Product should not place a significant burden on the government.
- Vendor should know how to build capacity



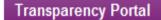




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News Articles

See more News...



Legislation

Revenues

Expenditures

FAQS

Subscribe to the bulletin

Related Institutions

Welcome to Timor-Leste Transparency Portal

The information is updated to: 2009

Blog-sparency

Summary	Budget	Commitments	Obligations	Actual
Revenues	\$.00	\$.00	\$.00	\$602,799,915.01
Expenditures	\$680,873,000.00	\$.00	\$.00	\$604,424,892.24
			What is Tr	ansparency Portal?

Glossary

Statistics

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News Articles

Independence Day Celebration! (28/11/2010)

Another Article (25/11/2010)

TL E-Procurement will be online next week (23/11/2010)

Articel From Manuel (18/11/2010)

Timor-Leste's E-procurement portal is ALIVE! (17/11/2010)

See more News...

Blog Posts

New Blog (25/11/2010)

First Blog Post (18/11/2010)

See More Blog Posts...

Business Opportunities (Tend	lers & Quotations)
------------------------------	--------------------

Available Business Opportunities

			9	۷
Type of Business	Today	Last Week	AII	
Agriculture	0	0	0	
Cleaning and Fumigation	0	0	0	
Computing and Technology	0	0	1	
Construction	0	0	0	
Consultancy Services	0	0	0	
Electricity and A/C	0	0	0	
Furniture	0	0	0	
Health Supplies	0	0	0	
Insurance and Finance	0	0	0	
Office Supplies	0	0	0	
Others	0	0	0	
Publicity	0	0	0	
Security and Defence	0	0	0	
Textiles and Clothing	0	0	0	
Transportation and Fuel	0	0	0	
Unknown	0	0	0	
total	0	0	1	

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by Opportunity ID:

Search

by Text:

Search

Search By Buyer Search By Region Advanced Search

Awards Blacklisted Vendors

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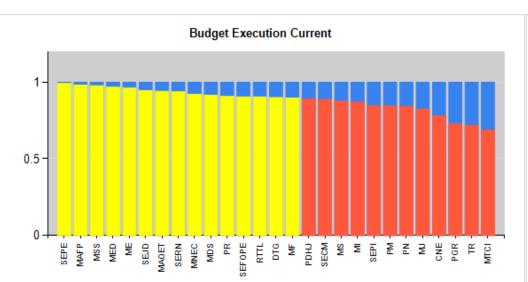
Financial: Non-Petroleum Revenue | Petroleum Revenue | Expenses by App Cat | Expenses by Ministry | Expenses by District | Expenses by Selective Items | Macro-Economic Indicators | Revenues

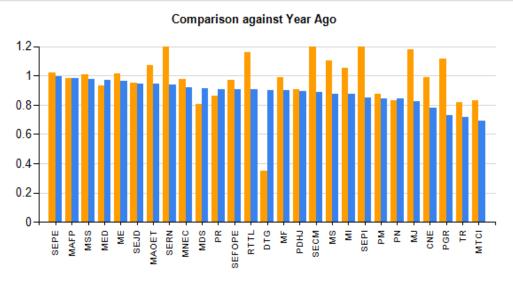
Month of Year: December 2009 ▼

Last Update:

10/02/2011 01:48 AM

Expenses by Ministry





Agency	Name	Final Appropriation	Expense Cash	% of Execution	YRA Executed %	Exp Target Prev Month	Exp Target (%)	Trend	Cash/Revised
PR	- 01 - Presidente da República	\$5,524,288.0	\$5,014,751.6	90.78%	86.19%	89.12%	100.00%	\Rightarrow	
PN	- 02 - Parlamento Nacional	\$9,583,000.0	\$8,087,292.9	84.39%	82.77%	89.42%	100.00%	\Rightarrow	
PM	- 03 - Office of PM President COM	\$13,168,500.0	\$11,131,928.0	84.53%	87.64%	90.02%	100.00%	⇒	
SECM	- 04 - SE Conselho de Ministros	\$3,858,872.0	\$3,427,774.9	88.83%	139.15%	89.35%	100.00%	1	
SEJD	- 05 - Sect. of State Youth & Sports	\$4,338,500.0	\$4,104,113.6	94.60%	95.36%	89.64%	100.00%	⇒	
SERN	- 06 - Sec Est Recursos Minerais	\$3,487,000.0	\$3,270,107.3	93.78%	138.49%	89.70%	100.00%	1	
SEPE	- 07 - Sec Est Política Energética	\$3,187,000.0	\$3,165,163.6	99.31%	101.95%	90.26%	100.00%	⇒	
SEFOPE	- 08 - Sec Est Formação Prof e Empreg	\$4,674,000.0	\$4,230,159.0	90.50%	96.93%	90.13%	100.00%	1	
SEPI	- 09 - Sec Est Promoção da Igualdade	\$580,500.0	\$491,286.3	84.63%	587.84%	89.60%	100.00%		
MDS	- 10 - Ministry of Defence Security	\$65,229,923.2	\$59,716,165.4	91.55%	80.28%	88.96%	100.00%	1	
MNEC	- 11 - Ministry of Foreign Affairs	\$11,051,000.0	\$10,181,107.5	92.13%	97.82%	89.68%	100.00%	1	
MF	- 12 - Ministry of Finance	\$8,819,106.0	\$7,913,202.1	89.73%	98.66%	89.37%	100.00%	1	
DTG	- 13 - Dotações para todo o Governo	\$82,001,000.0	\$73,847,823.7	90.06%	35.06%	89.03%	100.00%	1	
MJ	- 14 - Ministry of Justice	\$12,710,018.0	\$10,482,732.4	82.48%	117.57%	88.82%	100.00%	1	
MŞ	- 15 - Ministry of Health	\$32,880,374.9	\$28,862,722.5	87.78%	110.49%	89.09%	100.00%	1	